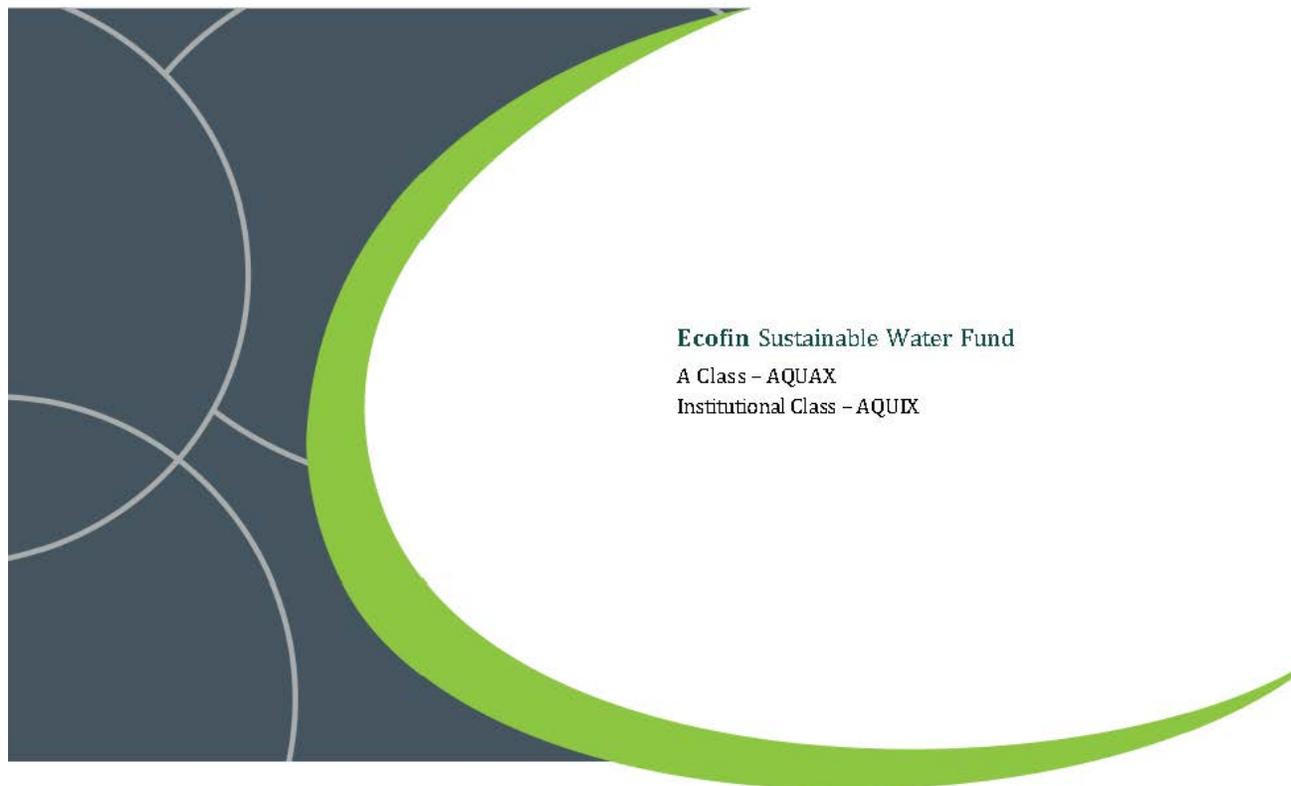


# Summary Prospectus



February 2, 2022



**Ecofin Sustainable Water Fund**

A Class – AQUAX

Institutional Class – AQUIX

Before you invest, you may want to review the Ecofin Sustainable Water Fund's (the "Fund") prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. The current Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information dated February 2, 2022, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund's Statutory Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information, reports to shareholders and other information about the Fund on its website at <http://www.tortoiseecofin.com/>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling the Fund (toll-free) at (855) 822-3863.

## Ecofin Sustainable Water Fund

### Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to generate long-term total return.

### Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may be required to pay brokerage commissions on your purchases and sales of Institutional Class shares of the Fund from a financial intermediary, which are not reflected in this table and examples below. You may qualify for sales charge discounts if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in the Fund. Sales loads and waivers may vary by financial intermediary. For more information on specific financial intermediary sales loads and waivers, see Appendix A to the statutory Prospectus. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the “Shareholder Information - Class Descriptions” section of the Fund’s Statutory Prospectus on page 43.

#### Shareholder Fees

<i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	<b>A Class</b>	<b>Institutional Class</b>
Maximum Front-End Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of the offering price)	5.50%	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of initial investment or the value of the investment at redemption, whichever is lower)	None <sup>1</sup>	None

#### Annual Fund Operating Expenses

<i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	<b>A Class</b>	<b>Institutional Class</b>
Management Fees	0.80%	0.80%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	None
Other Expenses <sup>2</sup>	0.94%	0.94%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	1.99%	1.74%
Less: Expense Reimbursement <sup>3</sup>	(0.79)%	(0.79)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Expenses Reimbursement	1.20%	0.95%

<sup>1</sup> No sales charge is payable at the time of purchase on investments of \$1 million or more, although the Fund may impose a Contingent Deferred Sales Charge (“CDSC”) of 1.00% on certain redemptions. If imposed, the CDSC applies to redemptions made within 12 months of purchase and will be assessed on an amount equal to the lesser of the initial value of the shares redeemed and the value of shares redeemed at the time of redemption.

<sup>2</sup> Other Expenses are based on estimated amounts for the current fiscal year.

<sup>3</sup> Tortoise Capital Advisors, L.L.C., also doing business as TCA Advisors (the “Adviser” or “TCA Advisors”) has contractually agreed to reimburse the Fund for its operating expenses, in order to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding Rule 12b-1 fees, front-end or contingent deferred loads, taxes, leverage/borrowing interest, interest expense, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, or extraordinary expenses) do not exceed 0.95% of the average daily net assets of the Fund. Expenses reimbursed by the Adviser may be recouped by the Adviser for a period of 36 months following the month during which such reimbursement was made if such recoupment can be achieved without exceeding the expense limit in effect at the time the expense reimbursement occurred and at the time of the recoupment. The Operating Expenses Limitation Agreement will be in effect and cannot be terminated through at least February 2, 2023.

**Example**

This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected only in the first year of the periods shown in the Example. You may be required to pay brokerage commissions on your purchases and sales of Institutional Class shares of the Fund from a financial intermediary, which are not reflected in the example. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Three Years</b>
<b>A Class</b>	\$666	\$1,068
<b>Institutional Class</b>	\$97	\$471

**Portfolio Turnover**

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in the annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance.

**Principal Investment Strategies**

Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest primarily in equity securities of companies that design, build, own and operate water and water-related environmental infrastructure, as well as companies that provide the technology, equipment, and services to transport, treat and test water and advance water-related environmental protection and remediation. Ecofin Advisors, LLC, the investment sub-adviser to the Fund (the “Sub-Adviser” or “Ecofin”), believes these companies are essential in connecting water supply with areas of demand, solving water scarcity and quality issues to improve health, human safety and environment.

The Fund will invest at least 80% of its total assets in equity securities of global water and water-related environmental infrastructure and technology companies, which consist of companies deriving at least 50% of their revenues or profit from or devoting at least 50% of their assets to activities related to improving water infrastructure, water technology and process innovations, and environment, such as environmental engineering and consulting, environmental protection and remediation, and advancement of biodiversity. Such companies may include, but are not limited to, those that devote significant resources to water infrastructure to improve access, reliability, and resiliency, developing technology and process innovations to enhance supply and/or reduce demand by augmenting efficiency, improving water quality, and enabling water reuse and desalination, and offering environmental services to reinforce

environmental and biodiversity health, conservation, and remediation (“Sustainable Water Universe,” and the companies therein being “Sustainable Water Companies”).

The Fund will be invested in a range of both developed and non-developed markets. The Fund considers non-developed market countries to be those countries defined as such by the MSCI Market Classification Framework.

The Sustainable Water Universe is a global investment universe that includes companies mainly based in North America, Europe and Asia, but also includes companies in other regions to a lesser extent.

The Fund’s investments in foreign securities may also include American Depository Receipts (“ADRs”) and investments in non-developed market securities. The Sustainable Water Universe includes a broad range of companies, ranging from small market capitalization companies to large market capitalization companies. The Fund may invest in companies of all market capitalizations. The Fund will concentrate in the Sustainable Water Companies Industry, which is a group of industries consisting of companies deriving at least 50% of their revenues or profit from or devoting at least 50% of their assets to activities related to improving water infrastructure, water technology and process innovations, environment, such as environmental engineering and consulting, environmental protection and remediation, and advancement of biodiversity.

The Fund may invest up to 15% of its total assets in debt securities, including but not limited to debt securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or government-related entities. The Fund may invest in such securities without regard to maturity, duration or investment grade limits.

The Sub-Adviser will seek to utilize a combined investment approach, assessing fundamental drivers alongside thematic, macroeconomic and regulatory factors. The Sub-Adviser will target portfolio weightings that emphasize those investments that the Sub-Adviser believes would benefit from long-term structural trends related to solving water scarcity and quality issues to improve health, human safety, and the environment. The Sub-Adviser utilizes a three-pronged research approach to construct the Fund’s portfolio, which assesses (1) qualitative factors, such as a company’s asset quality, management, stability of cash flows and environmental, social, governance (“ESG”) factors; (2) quantitative factors, such as growth prospects and liquidity position, and; (3) relative value through the analysis of valuation models and equity market indicators. These weightings can change over time, relative to changes in fundamental outlook, corporate strategy, share prices, regulatory changes or other factors such as, but not limited to, balance sheet and liquidity considerations, ESG risk considerations, project success or jurisdictional policy issues.

The Sub-Adviser incorporates ESG research into its investment process in an effort to provide better risk-adjusted returns to investors. For example, the Sub-Adviser uses in-house ESG research undertaken by the portfolio managers and ratings provided through a third-party data provider to assist in determining weightings across the entirety of the portfolio. ESG risk considerations may include, but are not limited to:

- *Environmental:* (1) Scrutiny on carbon footprint and disclosure (and other greenhouse gas emissions); (2) Company's time horizon for carbon neutrality; (3) Water use and land use; (4) Emission and waste reduction programs; (5) Research and development, innovation and thought leadership for sustainability; (6) Capital expenditures, maintenance and capital integrity; (7) Risks linked to stranded assets; (8) Climate change-related physical risks on assets (fire, weather, droughts, etc.).
- *Social:* (1) Impact on communities; (2) Customer satisfaction; (3) Commitment to safety standards; (4) Diversity in board, management and employees; (5) Employee engagement; (6) Commitment to fair and safe labor practice.
- *Governance:* (1) Protection of minority shareholders; (2) Conflicts of interest; (3) Insider ownership; (4) Management compensation; (5) Financial and strategic transparency; (6) Board independence; (7) Engagement with management and proxy voting.

The investment team may also seek to actively engage with portfolio companies to drive continuous business improvement in their ESG & sustainability practices and metrics, including but not limited to direct dialogue with senior leadership, active proxy voting and coordination with other owners. Decisions to engage with portfolio companies generally arise from opportunities to influence decisions when action (or inaction) would impact a company's ESG rating. Decisions relating to proxies, corporate actions and events are made on a case-by-case basis.

### **Principal Investment Risks**

As with any mutual fund, there are risks to investing. An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of a bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or any other governmental agency. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose all or a portion of your investment in the Fund over short or even long periods of time. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

*General Market Risk.* The Fund is subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any mutual fund, including the risk that it will not achieve its investment objective and that the value of an investment in its securities could decline substantially and cause you to lose some or all of your investment. The Fund's net asset value ("NAV") and investment return will fluctuate based upon changes in the value of its portfolio securities. Certain securities in the Fund's portfolio may be worth less than the price originally paid for them, or less than they were worth at an earlier time.

*Water Industry Risk.* The water industry can be significantly affected by economic trends or other conditions or developments, such as the availability of water, the level of rainfall and occurrence of other climatic events, changes in water consumption, new technologies relating to the supply of water, and water conservation. The industry can also be significantly affected by environmental considerations, taxation, government regulation (including the increased cost of compliance), inflation, increases in

interest rates, price and supply fluctuations, increases in the cost of raw materials and other operating costs, technological advances, and competition from new market entrants.

*ESG Risk.* Applying ESG criteria to the investment process may exclude securities of certain issuers for non-investment reasons and therefore the Fund may forgo some market opportunities available to funds that do not use ESG criteria. Information used by the Sub-Adviser to evaluate the ESG rating of the Fund's portfolio or any individual security may not be readily available, complete or accurate, and may vary across providers and issuers, as ESG is not a uniformly defined characteristic.

*Adviser and Sub-Adviser Risk.* The Fund may not meet its investment objective or may underperform the market or other mutual funds with similar strategies if the Adviser and Sub-Adviser cannot successfully implement the Fund's investment strategies.

*Concentration Risk.* Because the Fund's assets will be concentrated in the Sustainable Water Companies Industry, the Fund is subject to loss due to adverse occurrences that may affect those industries. The Fund's focus in the Sustainable Water Companies Industry presents more risk than if it were broadly diversified over numerous industries and sectors of the economy. An inherent risk associated with any investment focus is that the Fund may be adversely affected if a small number of its investments perform poorly.

*Equity Securities Risk.* Equity securities are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value. The equity securities held by the Fund may experience sudden, unpredictable drops in value or long periods of decline in value. This may occur because of factors that affect securities markets generally or factors affecting specific industries, sectors, geographic markets, the equity securities of Sustainable Water Companies in particular, or a particular company in which the Fund invests.

*Large Cap Company Risk.* The Fund's investments in larger, more established companies are subject to the risk that larger companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors potentially resulting in lower markets for their common stock.

*Mid Cap and Small Cap Companies Risk.* The mid cap and small cap companies may not have the management experience, financial resources, product or business diversification and competitive strengths of large cap companies. Therefore, these securities may have more price volatility and be less liquid than the securities of larger, more established companies.

*Foreign Securities Risk.* Investments in securities of foreign companies involve risks not ordinarily associated with investments in securities and instruments of U.S. issuers, including risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad, differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory and accounting requirements, tax risks, and market practices, as well as fluctuations in foreign currencies.

*Preferred Stock Risk.* A preferred stock is a blend of the characteristics of a bond and common stock. It may offer a higher yield than common stock and has priority over common stock in equity ownership, but it does not have the seniority of a bond and, unlike common stock, its participation in the issuer's growth may be limited. Although the dividend on a preferred stock may be set at a fixed annual rate, in some circumstances it may be changed or passed by the issuer. Preferred stock generally does not confer voting rights.

*Convertible Securities Risk.* Convertible securities are hybrid securities that have characteristics of both bonds and common stocks and are therefore subject to both debt security risks and equity risk. Convertible securities are subject to equity risk especially when their conversion value is greater than the interest and principal value of the bond. The prices of equity securities may rise or fall because of economic or political changes and may decline over short or extended periods of time.

*U.S. Government Obligations Risk.* While U.S. Treasury obligations are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the U.S. Government, such securities are nonetheless subject to credit risk (i.e., the risk that the U.S. Government may be, or be perceived to be, unable or unwilling to honor its financial obligations, such as making payments). Securities issued or guaranteed by federal agencies or authorities and U.S. Government-sponsored instrumentalities or enterprises may or may not be backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government.

*New Technology Risk.* New technologies used in the water and environmental sectors have a shorter commercial experience versus traditional equipment and technology. Also, technology advancements in the water sector may create disruptive competitive threats to both incumbent technologies and competing solutions.

*Non-Diversified Fund Risk.* Because the Fund is "non-diversified" and may invest a greater percentage of its assets in the securities of a single issuer, a decline in the value of an investment in a single issuer could cause the Fund's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the Fund held a more diversified portfolio.

*Non-Developed Markets Risk.* Non-developed market countries are in the initial stages of industrialization and generally have low per capita income. In addition to the risks of foreign investing generally, investments in emerging market countries have additional and heightened risks due to less stable legal, political, and business frameworks to support securities markets. These risks include smaller securities markets with low or nonexistent trading volume and greater illiquidity and price volatility; more restrictive national policies on foreign investment; less transparent and established taxation policies; higher rates and volatility of inflation; increased volatility in currency exchange rates; and more delays in settling portfolio transactions. Because of these risk factors, the Fund's investments in non-developed market countries are subject to greater price volatility and illiquidity than investments in developed foreign markets.

*Investment Company and RIC Compliance Risk.* The Fund may be subject to increased expenses and reduced performance as a result of its investments in other investment companies. When investing in other investment companies, the Fund bears its pro rata share of the other investment company's fees and expenses including the duplication of advisory and other fees and expenses. If for any taxable year the Fund fails to qualify as a RIC, the Fund's taxable income will be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates. The resulting increase to the Fund's expenses will reduce its performance and its income available for distribution to shareholders.

*Rights and Warrants Risk.* The price, performance and liquidity of warrants and rights to purchase equity securities are typically linked to the underlying stock. These instruments have many characteristics of convertible securities and, similarly, will react to variations in the general market for equity securities. Rights are similar to warrants, but normally have a short duration and are distributed directly by the issuer to its shareholders. Rights and warrants have no voting rights, receive no dividends and have no rights with respect to the assets of the issuer.

*Cybersecurity Risk.* Investment advisers, including the Adviser and Sub-Adviser, must rely in part on digital and network technologies (collectively "cyber networks") to conduct their businesses. Such cyber networks might in some circumstances be at risk of cyber attacks that could potentially seek unauthorized access to digital systems for purposes such as misappropriating sensitive information, corrupting data, or causing operational disruption.

*Epidemic Risk.* Widespread disease, including pandemics and epidemics have been and can be highly disruptive to economies and markets, adversely impacting individual companies, sectors, industries, markets, currencies, interest and inflation rates, credit ratings, investor sentiment, and other factors affecting the value of the Fund's investments. Given the increasing interdependence among global economies and markets, conditions in one country, market, or region are increasingly likely to adversely affect markets, issuers, and/or foreign exchange rates in other countries, including the U.S. These disruptions could prevent the Fund from executing advantageous investment decisions in a timely manner and negatively impact the Fund's ability to achieve its investment objectives. Any such event(s) could have a significant adverse impact on the value and risk profile of the Fund.

*Futures Contracts Risk.* The price of a futures contract may change rapidly in response to changes in the markets and the general economic environment. Futures investments may result in investment exposures that are greater than their cost would suggest, meaning that a small investment in futures could have a large potential effect on the performance of the Fund. Generally, the purchase of a futures contract will increase the Fund's exposure to the volatility of the underlying asset while the value of a futures contract that is sold will perform inversely to the underlying asset. The successful use of futures by the Fund will be subject to the Adviser's ability to predict correctly movements in the direction of relevant markets, as well as interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors.

*Options Risk.* Purchasing and writing put and call options are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks. The Fund may not fully benefit from or may lose money on an option if changes in its value do not correspond as anticipated to changes in the value of the underlying securities. If the Fund is not able to sell an option held in its portfolio, it would have to exercise the option to realize any profit and would incur transaction costs upon the purchase or sale of the underlying securities. Ownership of options involves the payment of premiums, which may adversely affect the Fund's performance. To the extent that the Fund invests in over-the-counter options, the Fund may be exposed to counterparty risk.

*Swap Agreements Risk.* A swap is a derivative that provides leverage, allowing the Fund to obtain exposure to an underlying asset, reference rate or index in an amount that is greater than the amount the Fund has invested. By using swap agreements, the Fund is exposed to counterparty credit risk. The use of swap agreements could cause the Fund to be more volatile, resulting in larger gains or losses in response to changes in the values of the assets, reference rates or indices underlying the swap agreements than if the Fund had made direct investments in such assets, reference rates or indices.

*Newer Fund Risk.* The Fund is a newly registered mutual fund under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") and has no operating history in its current form. There can be no assurance that the Fund will grow to, or maintain, an economically viable size, in which case the Board of Trustees (the "Board") of Managed Portfolio Series (the "Trust") may determine to liquidate the Fund.

## **Who Should Invest**

Before investing in the Fund, investors should consider their investment goals, time horizons and risk tolerance. The Fund may be an appropriate investment for investors who are seeking:

- An investment vehicle for accessing a portfolio of companies which are involved in the design, construction, ownership, and operation of water and water-related environmental infrastructure, as well as companies that provide the technology, equipment, and services to transport, treat and test water and advance water-related environmental protection and remediation;
- A traditional flow-through mutual fund structure with daily liquidity at NAV;
- Simplified tax reporting through a Form 1099;
- A portfolio offering a diversified geographic exposure to companies that possess a variety of project asset locations;
- A fund offering the potential for long-term total return;
- A fund that may be suitable for retirement and other tax exempt accounts;
- Potential diversification of their overall investment portfolio; and
- Professional securities selection and active management by an experienced adviser.

The Fund is designed for long-term investors and is not designed for investors who are seeking short-term gains. The Fund will take reasonable steps to identify and reject orders from market timers. See "Shareholder Information – Buying Shares" and "– Redeeming Shares" of the Fund's Statutory Prospectus.

## Performance

When the Fund has been in operation for a full calendar year, performance information will be shown here. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information will be available at [oef.ecofininvest.com](http://oef.ecofininvest.com).

## Investment Adviser, Sub-Adviser, and Portfolio Managers

TCA Advisors is the Fund's investment adviser. Ecofin Advisors, LLC is the Fund's sub-adviser. Primary responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio is the joint responsibility of Nick Holmes and Evan Lang, both of the Sub-Adviser. Mr. Holmes is a Portfolio Manager and Managing Director of the Sub-Adviser. Mr. Lang is a Portfolio Manager and Director of the Sub-Adviser. Each portfolio manager has managed the Fund since its inception in February 2022.

## Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

You may purchase, exchange, or redeem Fund shares on any day that the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for business by written request via mail (Ecofin Sustainable Water Fund, c/o U.S. Bank Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701), by contacting the Fund by telephone at 855-TCA-FUND (855-822-3863) or through a financial intermediary. You may also purchase or redeem Fund shares by wire transfer. The minimum initial and subsequent investment amounts are shown below. The Adviser may reduce or waive the minimums.

	<b>A Class</b>	<b>Institutional Class</b>
<b>Minimum Initial Investment</b>	\$2,500	\$1,000,000
<b>Subsequent Minimum Investment</b>	\$100	\$100

## Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are generally taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt organization or are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. For more information, please see "Tax Consequences" of the Fund's Statutory Prospectus. Distributions on investments made through tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed as ordinary income when withdrawn from those accounts.

## Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or financial adviser, and including affiliates of the Adviser), the Fund and/or its Adviser may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.